

**Prepared For:** 

MONTROSE AIR QUALITY SERVICES

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from 6-liter evacuated stainless steel ("Summa") canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout entire neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details approach number two, the periodic collection and laboratory analysis of Summa canister air samples and a screening health risk analysis. Continuous, near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports.

Planned air samples were collected during the third quarter of 2023. A total of 13 planned air samples (1-hour) were collected by field technicians. Ten samples were collected from locations within the CCND neighborhoods; an additional three samples were collected from non-CCND community monitoring reference sites (urban and rural background) that were chosen for the sampling campaign. All air samples were collected using Summa canisters and sent to an accredited laboratory for analysis of a broad suite of VOCs in accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methods TO-15 and TO-14A.

Health scientists from CTEH, LLC (CTEH<sup>®</sup>) (a subsidiary company of Montrose) performed a screening-level human health risk assessment based on the data collected by Montrose. A screening-level assessment uses the most health-conservative assumptions about exposure and chemical toxicity. This risk assessment was conducted to determine whether measured concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined risk) VOCs could potentially cause acute (short-term) adverse health effects. The health risk calculations described in this report were performed per federal and state guidance. The risk assessment resulted in the following overall findings:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of VOCs in planned air samples collected on August 17, 2023, at CCND and reference locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
- All measured concentrations of VOCs are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In response to feedback received by Suncor Energy (U.S.A.) Inc. (Suncor) through community engagement conducted in the fall of 2020, Suncor voluntarily committed to developing a continuous, near real-time air monitoring program to gain insight into air quality for neighborhoods in the vicinity of the Suncor refinery in Commerce City, Colorado. Montrose Environmental Group - Air Quality Services, LLC (Montrose) was contracted by Suncor to deploy, operate, and maintain the network in the Commerce City and North Denver (CCND) neighborhoods. Air monitoring was accomplished through three separate technical approaches: (1) continuous, near real-time monitoring for the following analytes: carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), nitrogen oxide or nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>), particulate matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), and total volatile organic compounds (VOCs); (2) periodic collection and laboratory analysis for the presence of specific VOCs from Summa canisters; and (3) periodic real-time air monitoring throughout neighborhoods using a mobile monitoring van to detect presence of specific VOCs. An "analyte" is a material that a measuring device is designed to detect and measure. It may be a chemical gas, an airborne particle, or other type of material. This report details the approach number two (Summa canister sampling and analysis). The continuous near real-time air monitoring and mobile monitoring van data are presented in separate reports. Air monitoring, sampling, and analysis from all three approaches were conducted in accordance with the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) and are available online at www.ccndair.com/documents.

# 1.1 Air Monitoring Site Description

Ten Summa canister samples were collected from the CCND neighborhoods within a three-mile radius of the refinery operations. The monitor locations are shown in Figure 1-1 and described in Table 1-1; they were selected based on the following criteria:

- Historical wind pattern data
- Proximity to the refinery and non-refinery sources
- Existing infrastructure, as well as site access and safety
- Community feedback

An additional three planned air samples were collected at non-CCND community monitoring sites (reference locations), in both urban and rural locations (Figure 1-2 and Table 1-2). These locations were at the E470-I25 Junction (JUNC), the Brighton Fire Department (BFD), and the Colorado Department of Health and Environment (CDPHE) CAMP air monitoring station (CAMP). The JUNC and BFD monitoring locations were chosen as rural background locations about 13 miles north of the CCND network. The CAMP location was selected as a representative urban location that has comparative data collected by CDPHE<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> CDPHE describes CAMP as Urban in many reports. As an example, this description can be found on page 6 of the <u>2020 Ambient</u> <u>Air Monitoring Network Assessment</u>:

https://www.colorado.gov/airquality/tech\_doc\_repository.aspx?action=open&file=2020\_CO\_5yr\_Network\_Assessment.pdf

CCND Community Monitoring August 17, 2023 (Q3 2023)



FIGURE 1-1 MAP OF TEN CCND MONITOR LOCATIONS

#### FIGURE 1-2

#### MAP OF THREE NON-CCND COMMUNITY MONITORING (URBAN AND RURAL BACKGROUND) SITES: E470/I25 (JUNC), BRIGHTON FIRE DEPARTMENT (BFD) AND COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT (CDPHE) CAMP AIR MONITORING STATION (CAMP)



Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	Distance from Refinery Center (miles)	Cross Streets
Location ID	Secondary ID	GF3 COOl dillates	(iiiies)	01055 3116615
CM1	Rose Hill Elementary School	39.80164, -104.90882	2.0	E. 58 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Oneida St., Commerce City
CM2	Suncor Refinery Business Center	39.79623, -104.95727	0.70	Brighton Blvd. & York St., Commerce City
CM3	Adams City High School	39.82736, -104.90193	2.9	E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Quebec Pkwy, Commerce City
CM4	Adams City Middle School	39.82893, -104.93499	1.9	Birch St. & E. 72 <sup>nd</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM5	Central Elementary School	39.81457, -104.91928	1.7	Holly St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Commerce City
CM6	Focus Points Family Resource Center	39.78436, -104.95663	1.4	Columbine St. & 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM7	Kearney Middle School	39.80888, -104.91545	1.7	E. 62 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. & Kearney St., Commerce City
CM8	Monroe	39.8156, -104.94503	0.85	Monroe St. & E. 64 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Denver
CM9	48 <sup>th</sup> and Race	39.78455, -104.96264	1.7	East 48 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Race St., Denver
CM10	Alsup Elementary School	39.82026, -104.93663	1.3	East 68 <sup>th</sup> Ave. & Birch St., Commerce City

# TABLE 1-1 CCND MONITORS AND SUMMA CANISTER SAMPLING LOCATIONS

Location ID	Secondary ID	GPS Coordinates	Distance from Refinery Center (miles)	Cross Streets
CAMP	Denver CDPHE	39.75111, -104.98766	4.2	Champa St. & N. Broadway, Denver
JUNC <sup>2</sup>	E470/I25	39.98614, -104.98468	12.8	E. 160 <sup>th</sup> & Washington St., Thornton
BFD	Brighton	39.98512, -104.86665	13.1	Havana St. & Havana Way, Brighton

# TABLE 1-2 SUMMA CANISTER REFERENCE LOCATIONS

# 2.0 METHODS

#### 2.1 Air Sampling Methods

Planned air samples were collected during the third quarter of 2023 on August 17, 2023. Entech Instruments Silonite<sup>™</sup> CS1200E Passive Canister Samplers connected to 6-liter chemically inert stainless steel ("Summa") canisters were used to collect samples over a 1-hour period. The Summa canisters were cleaned and blanked for use according to laboratory standard operating procedures. Planned air samples were collected by a field technician by manually opening and closing the Summa canister's regulator valve during a time when real-time instruments indicated total VOC concentrations to be less than the 1-ppm trigger level. All sampling and quality assurance procedures were performed by Montrose. All Summa canister field sampling followed the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) provided in the QAPP.

The canister samples were shipped to Enthalpy Analytical in Durham, North Carolina. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Compendium Method TO-14A "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air using Specially Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography" and TO-15 entitled "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air Collected in Specially Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)" were followed for both sampling and analysis methodology. A total of 59 analytes were selected for analysis in this assessment, based on the typical suite of compounds monitored for in urban and industrial areas, accounting for laboratory analysis capabilities (Table 1-3).

<sup>2</sup> During the Q1 2023 summa canister sampling event, the original location for JUNC (E470/I25) at the Top Golf location was no longer made available. Due to community concerns, Top Golf informed Montrose they could no longer allow the use of their property to be used for the air sampling canister. A new location was therefore chosen for JUNC (E470/I25) at an apartment complex nearby and GPS coordinates were updated.

Ethylene	Isopentane	3-Methylpentane	3-Methylheptane	2,4- Dimethylpentane
Acetylene	1-Pentene	1-Hexene	Nonane	2,3-
Ethane	Pentane	1,3-Butadiene	3-Ethyltoluene	Dimethylpentane 1,2,3- Trimethylbenzene
Propylene	lsoprene	Heptane	2-Ethyltoluene	1,3,5- Trimethylbenzene
Propane	Trans-2-Pentene	2-Methylhexane	Decane	2,2,4- Trimethylpentane
Isobutane	Cis-2-Pentene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Tetrachloroethene
1-Butene	2,2- Dimethylbutane	3-Methylhexane	m-Diethylbenzene	1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene
Butane	Cyclopentane	Methylcyclohexane	p-Diethylbenzene	Methylcyclopentane
Trans-2-Butene	Cyclohexane	Hexane	Undecane	2,3,4- Trimethylpentane
Cis-2-Butene	2-Methylpentane	2-Methylheptane	Dodecane	2,3-Dimethylbutane
m-/p-Xylenes	o-Xylene	4-Ethyltoluene	Benzene	Carbon disulfide
n-Octane	lsopropylbenzene	n-Propylbenzene	Naphthalene	

# TABLE 1-3 SELECTED COMPOUNDS MEASURED IN SUMMA CANISTERS

### 2.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Methods

CTEH<sup>®</sup> conducted a screening-level public health risk assessment, consistent with federal and state risk assessment guidelines, to determine whether exposure to the detected concentrations of individual or cumulative (combined) analytes in the air could potentially pose acute (short-term) health impacts. A tiered approach to the risk assessment was used. This approach involves one or more iterative steps (or tiers) being performed in which health risks are calculated and evaluated multiple times. In most cases, risk assessors cannot know exactly the level of chemical exposure experienced by individuals or communities. Therefore, the first tier involves use of exposure potential are plugged into the risk calculations. These are worst-case scenarios that typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. Such calculations are very simple and assume a person is constantly exposed to the highest measured chemical level. If the resulting risk values indicate the lack of likely adverse health effects under these worst-case conditions, then the risk assessment is complete. However, if the risk values suggest a potential for adverse health effects, then a second tier of risk calculations are performed, but this time using more detailed assumptions about exposure that are still simple

representations of the real world but are more realistic than the first tier worst-case assumptions. Each successive tier represents a more complete characterization of exposure variability and/or uncertainty that requires a corresponding increase in calculation complexity and scientific level of effort.

The first tier of this risk assessment process is called a screening-level risk assessment. The conservative assumptions used for this level of risk calculation typically represent exposure conditions higher than would be reasonably expected. As such, an exceedance of an acceptable risk level (defined below) does not necessarily indicate that adverse health effects are likely. The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) states, "when health assessors find exposures higher than the MRLs (ATSDR's specific health-based reference levels), it means that they may want to look more closely at a site"<sup>3</sup>. In other words, screening-level findings of an estimated exposure to a VOC being higher than a health-based reference level do NOT indicate an actual likelihood of adverse effects but do indicate a need to move to a second tier of analysis and refine the risk assessment process with more realistic detail to determine if an actual risk exists that needs to be mitigated.

The screening-level risk assessment reported here includes calculated risks from exposure to individually measured chemicals as well as exposure to all measured chemicals at once (cumulative). For individual chemicals, an acute health risk value was calculated as the exposure concentration (EC) divided by the chemical-specific federal or state established acute Reference Levels (RL) (Equation 1). The result is referred to as the hazard quotient (HQ). Estimates of EC were derived from the 1-hour average concentrations of each analyte. Using the average for the EC conservatively assumes that a hypothetical maximally exposed individual occupies the sampling location area and breathes the 1-hour detected concentration continuously for an hour up to multiple days (an acute exposure). The RLs used to calculate the HQs are previously established exposure levels below which no adverse effect in humans is expected. If available, RLs adopted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) were selected for use within this assessment and include ATSDR acute minimum risk levels (MRL), California EPA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) acute risk levels, and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) acute exposure screening levels (acute ESL) or Reference Value (ReVs)<sup>4</sup>. If the analyte was not listed by CDPHE, CTEH<sup>®</sup> followed a federal and state recommended hierarchy for selection of health-based reference levels<sup>5</sup>.

Acute HQs were calculated as follows:

### Eq. 1 – Hazard Quotient (HQ) Equation

HQ = EC/RL

Where:

HQ = Hazard Quotient

EC = 1-hour average air concentration

RL = Acute Health-based Reference Level (ATSDR, Cal EPA OEHHA, and TCEQ)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/minimalrisklevels/#:~:text=The%20ATSDR%2C%20in%20response%20to,minimal%20risk%20levels%2 0(MRLs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://drive.google.com/file/d/1P2KEvu0MFiyzQAOQtjQUclqR-WGh1bEX/view

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-11/documents/hhmemo.pdf

Health risks from potential cumulative exposures to all detected analytes were calculated by adding together each individual analyte's HQ calculated for a given sampling location. This sum of all the individual HQs is called a Hazard Index (HI). Adding together all the HQs is also a very health-conservative approach because it assumes that all the measured analytes exert an adverse effect on the body in a similar manner, which is rarely the case.

An HQ or HI of less than or equal to one is an indication that the estimated exposure is likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations. The potential for adverse health effects increases as HQ or HI increase above one, but it is not known by how much. HQ or HI values of greater than one would prompt a second-tier risk assessment beyond the screening-level assessment.

According to the USEPA and ATSDR, the federal agencies that establish these reference levels, these values "are set below levels that, based on current information, might cause adverse health effects in the people most sensitive." This is because RLs are based on observed toxicity in human or animal studies with an added safety factor to account for uncertainties in the toxicity data. For example, ATSDR identified the lowest observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) for acute exposure to benzene as 10,200 parts per billion (ppb), based on a study of mice exposed six hours per day for six days. ATSDR then applied a combined safety factor of 300 to derive the final RL to account for several uncertainties, including differences between mice and humans and for sensitive individuals. Therefore, it is scientifically incorrect to assume that all real-world exposures to a chemical at levels higher than a RL will likely result in an adverse effect.

The USEPA also has established values for use in emergency situations, termed Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs). Unlike health-based reference levels that can be thousands of times below exposure levels where adverse effects are observed, AEGL values are levels at which different acute adverse health effects may be anticipated to occur. According to USEPA, "AEGL-1 represent exposure levels that could produce mild and progressively increasing but transient and non-disabling odor, taste, and sensory irritation or certain asymptomatic, non-sensory effects. With increasing airborne concentration above each AEGL, there is a progressive increase in the likelihood of occurrence and the severity of effects described for each corresponding AEGL [i.e., AEGL-2 or AEGL-3]." The AEGL-1 60-minute value, if available for the applicable compound, was provided for comparison purposes because it is more precautionary (than AEGL-2 or AEGL-3) as the AEGL-1 level reflects potential health impacts that are reversible upon cessation of exposure.

# 3.0 RESULTS

### 3.1 Summary of Air Sampling Results

A total of 13, one-hour planned air samples were collected during the third quarter of 2023. Ten samples were collected from CCND sampling locations and three were collected from reference locations. Summary details are presented in Tables 1-4 and 1-5, and additional details are available in Appendix A.

#### TABLE 1-4

# AUGUST 17, 2023 (Q3) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – CCND MONITORING LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PARTS PER BILLION BY VOLUME)

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples	# Detections	Range of Detections (ppb
1-Butene	106-98-9	10	0	< 0.0410 - < 0.0540
L-Hexene	592-41-6	10	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0520
-Pentene	109-67-1	10	1	0.0540
,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	10	5	0.0580 - 0.0910
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10	10	0.0370-0.0730
.,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	10	0	< 0.0330 - < 0.0440
.,3-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	10	1	0.0670
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	10	0	< 0.0320 - < 0.0430
,4-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	10	8	0.0480 - 0.2300
-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	10	0	< 0.0390 - < 0.0520
-Methylheptane	592-27-8	10	0	< 0.0410 - < 0.0540
-Methylhexane	591-76-4	10	10	0.1200 - 0.2200
-Methylpentane	107-83-5	10	10	0.3400 - 0.4600
,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	10	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0530
,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	10	10	0.0400 - 0.0820
,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	10	0	< 0.0410 - < 0.0540
,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	10	8	0.0420 - 0.0740
,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	10	0	< 0.0410 - < 0.0540
,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	10	10	0.3900 - 0.8100
-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	10	0	< 0.0390 - < 0.0520
-Methylheptane	589-81-1	10	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0520
-Methylhexane	589-34-4	10	10	0.2100 - 0.3900
-Methylpentane	96-14-0	10	10	0.1800 - 0.2500
-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	10	0	< 0.0490 - < 0.0640
cetylene	74-86-2	10	10	0.3700 - 0.8300
Benzene	71-43-2	10	10	0.2200 - 0.3400
Butane	106-97-8	10	10	1.8000 - 3.0000
arbon disulfide	75-15-0	10	0	< 0.0310 - < 0.0400
is-2-Butene	590-18-1	10	0	< 0.0410 - < 0.0540
is-2-Pentene	627-20-3	10	0	< 0.0380 - < 0.0500
Syclohexane	110-82-7	10	0	< 0.0360 - < 0.0480
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	10	1	0.1300
)ecane	124-18-5	10	6	0.0540 - 0.0840
lodecane	112-40-3	10	1	0.0340 - 0.0840
thane	74-84-0	10	10	
		10	10	9.6000 - 13.0000
thylbenzene	100-41-4			0.0470 - 0.0800
thylene	74-85-1	10	10	1.2000 - 2.2000
leptane	142-82-5	10	10	0.0990 - 0.2300
lexane	110-54-3	10	10	0.4000 - 0.6300
sobutane	75-28-5	10	10	0.6800 - 1.1000
sopentane	78-78-4	10	10	1.0000 - 1.8000
soprene	78-79-5	10	5	0.0420 - 0.0780
sopropylbenzene	98-82-8	10	0	< 0.0310 - < 0.0400
n,p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	10	10	0.1300 - 0.2400
/lethylcyclohexane	108-87-2	10	7	0.0810-0.1400
/lethylcyclopentane	96-37-7	10	10	0.2200 - 0.3400
-Octane	111-65-9	10	4	0.0530 - 0.0840
laphthalene	91-20-3	10	0	< 0.0500 - < 0.0670
lonane	111-84-2	10	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0520
-Xylene	95-47-6	10	10	0.0500 - 0.1000
entane	109-66-0	10	10	1.1000 - 2.3000
ropane	74-98-6	10	10	4.6000 - 6.8000
ropylbenzene	103-65-1	10	0	< 0.0310 - < 0.0410
ropylene	115-07-1	10	10	0.2300 - 0.3400
etrachloroethene	127-18-4	10	1	0.0590
oluene	108-88-3	10	10	0.3700 - 0.6800
rans-2-Butene	624-64-6	10	0	< 0.0390 - < 0.0510
rans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	10	0	< 0.0470 - < 0.0620
Jndecane	1120-21-4	10	10	0.0440 - 0.1500

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.

#### TABLE 1-5

# AUGUST 17, 2023 (Q3) PLANNED AIR SAMPLE DETECTION SUMMARY – REFERENCE LOCATIONS (ALL RESULTS IN PARTS PER BILLION BY VOLUME)

Compound Name	Cas No	# Samples		Range of Detections (pp
L-Butene	106-98-9	3	2	0.0590 - 0.6200
-Hexene	592-41-6	3	0	< 0.0390 - < 0.0430
-Pentene	109-67-1	3	2	0.0520 - 0.0810
,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	3	3	0.0610-0.1700
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3	3	0.0360 - 0.1700
,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	3	1	0.0600
,3-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	3	1	0.0600
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	3	1	0.0600
,4-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	3	3	0.0520 - 0.2000
-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3	3	1	0.0750
-Methylheptane	592-27-8	3	3	0.0680 - 0.0940
-Methylhexane	591-76-4	3	3	0.2100 - 0.3000
-Methylpentane	107-83-5	3	3	0.6000 - 0.7700
,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	3	2	0.0580 - 0.0730
,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	3	2	0.0800 - 0.1900
,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	3	1	0.1400
,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	3	2	0.0930 - 0.1300
,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	3	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0440
,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	3	3	0.4600 - 0.8000
-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	3	2	0.1300-0.1400
-Methylheptane	589-81-1	3	2	0.0620 - 0.0790
-Methylhexane	589-34-4	3	3	0.3900 - 0.5600
-Methylpentane	96-14-0	3	3	0.2800 - 0.4300
-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	3	1	0.0700
cetylene	74-86-2	3	3	0.4600 - 0.9200
enzene	71-43-2	3	3	0.3100 - 0.4000
utane	106-97-8	3	3	3.0000 - 8.7000
arbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	0	< 0.0300 - < 0.0330
is-2-Butene	590-18-1	3	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0440
is-2-Pentene	627-20-3	3	0	< 0.0370 - < 0.0410
	110-82-7	3	0	< 0.0360 - < 0.0390
yclohexane	287-92-3	3	3	0.1700 - 0.2300
yclopentane				
lecane	124-18-5	3	3	0.0630 - 0.2300
odecane	112-40-3	3	1	0.3200
thane	74-84-0	3	3	11.0000 - 38.0000
thylbenzene	100-41-4	3	3	0.0580 - 0.3300
thylene	74-85-1	3	3	1.5000 - 1.8000
leptane	142-82-5	3	3	0.2700 - 0.3700
exane	110-54-3	3	3	0.7900 - 1.2000
sobutane	75-28-5	3	3	0.9700 - 3.2000
sopentane	78-78-4	3	3	1.6000 - 2.4000
soprene	78-79-5	3	0	< 0.0400 - < 0.0440
sopropylbenzene	98-82-8	3	1	0.0340
1,p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	3	3	0.1900 - 1.0000
lethylcyclohexane	108-87-2	3	3	0.1500 - 0.3900
lethylcyclopentane	96-37-7	3	3	0.4000 - 0.5800
-Octane	111-65-9	3	3	0.1000 - 0.2200
laphthalene	91-20-3	3	1	0.1800
onane	111-84-2	3	2	0.1000 - 0.1900
Xylene	95-47-6	3	3	0.0680 - 0.3000
entane	109-66-0	3	3	1.9000 - 3.1000
ropane	74-98-6	3	3	5.6000 - 23.0000
ropylbenzene	103-65-1	3	1	0.0570
ropylene	115-07-1	3	3	0.2300 - 0.3300
etrachloroethene	127-18-4	3	1	0.2300-0.3500
		3	3	
oluene	108-88-3			0.4100 - 1.0000
rans-2-Butene	624-64-6	3	1	0.0930
rans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	3	0	< 0.0470 - < 0.0510

Laboratory non-detections are reported as less than ("<") the method detection limit.

### 3.2 Screening Health Risk Assessment Results

The purpose of this screening health risk assessment was to determine whether exposure to the concentrations of individual or cumulative VOCs could potentially pose acute (short-term) health hazards. Acute health risks were estimated for each location for each substance both individually and combined. According to USEPA guidelines (USEPA 1989, 2004), a HQ or HI less than or equal to one indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive subpopulations. The calculated acute HQ and HI are summarized in Table 1-6, Table 1-7 and Figure 1-3 and all data are presented in Appendix B. In general, the air sampling data and health risk assessment indicate:

- All measured individual and cumulative air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on August 17, 2023, at CCND sampling locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels.
  - Table 1-6 shows all HQs for individual VOCs to be well below one. An HQ of less than one indicates unlikely risk of acute adverse health effects from that VOC.
  - Cumulative health risks (as indicated by HI) for all VOCs are shown in Figure 1-3. The calculated HI for all sampled sites were well below one, indicating unlikely risk of acute adverse health effects from cumulative exposure to measured analytes.
- All measured individual and combined air concentrations of detected VOCs in the planned air samples taken on August 17, 2023, at the three additional reference sample locations were below their respective acute health-based reference levels (Table 1-7, Figure 1-3).
- These risk results for samples taken from both CCND and reference locations indicate the measured concentrations are likely to be without an appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

# TABLE 1-6

### AUGUST 17, 2023 (Q3) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – CCND MONITORING SITES

Hazard Quotient

									Hazard ( August )					
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor RBC	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race	CM10 - Als Elementa School
1-Butene	106-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	D.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
L-Hexene	592-41-6	NR.	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
L,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
I,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670.000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
1,3-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0 0001	0.0001	0.0001	0 0001	0 0001	0.000
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		140.000	3.000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1,4-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.000
2-Ethyltoluene		NR		TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.000
	611-14-3		250											
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.000
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.000
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	B,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.000
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR.	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.000
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	B,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
I-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.000
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0 0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0278	0.0278	0.0267	0.0244	0.0300	0.0378	0.0244	0.0256	0.0322	0.027
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Decane	124-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.000
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR.	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	33,000	5,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Ethylene	74-85-1	NR	500,000	TCEO Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0 0001	0.000
sobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
sopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
soprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
sopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50.000	510	TCEO Short-Term AMOV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.000
	179601-23-1			ATSDR Acute MRL										
n,p-Xylenes		130,000	1,700		0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0,0001	0.000
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEO Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0004	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0004	0.0003	0.0004	0.0005	0.0004	0.000
1-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Vaphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0006	0.0005	0.0007	0.0005	0.0006	0.0007	0.000
Vonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
-Xylene	95-47-6	130,000	1,700	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.000
entane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
ropane	74-98-6	5,500,000		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ropylbenzene	103-65-1	NR	510	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.000
ropylene	115-07-1	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
etrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0060	0 0062	0.0063	0.0065	0.0062	0.0080	0.0063	0.0098	0.0079	0.006
	127-18-4			ATSDR Acute MRL										
oluene		67,000	2,000		0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003	0.000
Frans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Frans-2-Pentene	646-04-8	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMEV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Indecane	1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.000
				Hazard Index	0.0370	0.0372	0.0364	0.0342	0.0396	0.0496	0.0339	0.0389	0.0443	0.038

 $N\bar{a}$  = Not Available NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

# TABLE 1-7

#### AUGUST 17, 2023 (Q3) CCND SUMMA CANISTER SCREENING RISK ANALYSIS: COMPOUND-SPECIFIC HAZARD QUOTIENTS FOR PLANNED AIR SAMPLES – REFERENCE SITES

					Hazard Quotient August 17, 2023					
Compound Name	Cas No	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/125			
1-Butene	106-98-9	(ppb) NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
L-Hexene	592-41-6	NR	500	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
L-Pentene	109-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001			
L,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		140.000	3.000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000			
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001			
L,3-Diethylbenzene	141-93-5	NR	450	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0 0001			
L3.5-Trimethylbenzene		140,000	3,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
1.4-Diethylbenzene	105-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0003	0.0004			
		NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0002	0.0003			
2-Ethyltoluene	611-14-3				0.0002					
2-Methylheptane	592-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV		0.0000	0.0000			
2-Methylhexane	591-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
2,2-Dimethylbutane	75-83-2	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
2,3-Dimethylbutane	79-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
2,3-Dimethylpentane	565-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0,0000	0.0000	0,0000			
2, 3, 4-Trimethylpentane	565-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
2,4-Dimethylpentane	108-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
3-Ethyltoluene	620-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0006	0.0005			
3-Methylheptane	589-81-1	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0 0000	0.0000			
3-Methylhexane	589-34-4	NR	8,300	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001			
3-Methylpentane	96-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0003	0.0002			
Acetylene	74-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Benzene	71-43-2	52,000	9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0400	0.0444	0.0344			
Butane	106-97-8	5,500,000	92,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000			
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	13,000	1.990	OEHHA Acute REL	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Cis-2-Butene	590-18-1	NR	15.000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Cis-2-Pentene	627-20-3	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Cyclopentane	287-92-3	NR	5,900	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
		NR			0.0001	0.0001	0.0002			
Decane	124-18-5		1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV						
Dodecane	112-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHE Acute	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002			
Ethane	74-84-0	NR	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	33,000	5,000	ATSOR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000			
Ethylene	74-95-1	NR	500,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Heptane	142-82-5	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Hexane	110-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001			
lsobutane	75-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001			
sopentane	78-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
isoprene	78-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
sopropylbenzene	98-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
n,p-Xylenes	179601-23-1	130,000	1,700	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0001	0.0006	0.0001			
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	NR	4,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000			
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0008	0.0006	0.0005			
n-Octane	111-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001			
Vaphthalene	91-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0005	0.0019	0.0006			
Vonane	111-84-2	NR	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001			
-Xylene	95-47-6	130,000	1,700	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0000	0.0002	0.0000			
Pentane	109-66-0	NR	68,000	TCEO Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Propane	74-98-6	5,500,000	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA			
	103-65-1	5,500,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001			
Propylbenzene	103-05-1						NA.			
Propylene		NR DE CODE	NA	NA STOD I STOL	NA	NA 0.0072	0.0063			
Fetrachloroethene	127-18-4	35,000	6	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0060	0.0078				
Toluene	108-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.0002	0.0005	0.0004			
Trans-2-Butene	624-64-6	NR	15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
		NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Trans-2-Pentene Undecane	646-04-8 1120-21-4	NR	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.0001	0.0002	0.0004			

NA = Not Available NR = According to EPA, AEGL is "Not Recommended due to insufficient data"

**FIGURE 1-3** AUGUST 17, 2023 (Q3) - HAZARD INDEX BY AIR SAMPLING LOCATION FOR ALL PLANNED AIR SAMPLES



Hazard Index (HI) is the sum of all combined hazard quotients (HQ). According to EPA, a HI less than or equal to one (orange line) indicates that exposures are likely to be without any appreciable risk of adverse acute health effects, even for sensitive sub-populations.

#### 3.3 Uncertainty Evaluation

Scientific uncertainty is inherent in each step of the risk assessment process because all risk assessments incorporate a variety of assumptions and professional judgments (USEPA 1989, 2004). Therefore, the acute health hazard estimates presented in this assessment are conditional estimates given a considerable number of assumptions about exposure and toxicity.

This screening-level risk assessment relied on a combination of health-protective exposure scenarios and input values (i.e., high-end exposures). This approach was selected to help risk management decision making. Because of these assumptions, the estimates of acute hazards are themselves uncertain.

This risk assessment did not address past or present health outcomes associated with current or past exposures. As such, this risk assessment cannot be used to make realistic predictions of biological effects and/or used to determine whether someone is ill (cancer or other adverse health effects) due to past or current exposures. This risk assessment was limited to inhalation exposures from outdoor exposures to *all* potential sources.

# 4.0 **PROGRAM CHANGES**

The SensIT Envea devices were installed at all ten CCND monitoring locations the week of 8/7/23, over the course of five days. During this process, the AQMesh Pod and Canary S sensors were removed. A decision was made to remove NO from the program and this was based upon two factors. First, the new SensIT Envea devices do not monitor for NO. Second, there are no established health-based reference levels for NO.

Prepared by:

Rig Men

Riley Kloss Client Project Manager Montrose Air Quality Services

Michael H. Lunphin

Michael Lumpkin, PhD, DABT Senior Toxicologist CTEH<sup>®</sup>, LLC

CCND Community Monitoring August 17, 2023 (Q3 2023)

# APPENDIX A SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODIES

-		NT	ΉA	IPV			hain of Cu			Turn	Around Ti		Of h by a		ced n	otice	only
						Lab No:08	323-9189	-100?	528	10 Day:	x	5 Day:			3 Day:		
		NAI		ICAL	2	Page:	1	of	1	2 Day:		1 Day:			Custor	n TAT:	
							CUSTOM	ER INFOR	MATION			PRO	JECT II				
						Company:	MAQS				Name:				Sunco	r	
Snoci	al Instructions: 1 Hours					Report To:	Riley Kl	oss			Number:		_	PR	OJ-022	2555	
Speer	al Instructions: 1 Hour S	ampies				Email:	rkloss	@montro	ose-env.co	om	P.O. #:			Р	0-0236	547	
						Address:	990 W 4	43rd Ave, D	Denver, CO 8	30211	Address:				N/A		
						Phone:	303-670	0-0530			Global ID:				N/A		
						Fax:	N/A				Sampled By:	:	6	MA	QS - De	enver	
														Ana	lysis R	equest	ed
														TT		TT	
		**Canis	ter pressure	may increase as	sample	s are shipp	ing to a di	fferent el	levation								
			Туре	Equipment					and an other states of the state of the stat	Information							
	Sample ID (Locati	on ID)	(I) Indoor (A) Ambient (SV) Soil Vapor (S) Source	Canister ID	Size (1L, 3L, 6L, 15L)	Flow Controller ID	Sample Start Date	Sample Start Time	e Vacuum Start ("Hg)	Sample End Date	Sample End Time	Vacuum End ("Hg)	Suncor List				
1	RBC (CM	2)	A	44314	6	16721	8/17/23	6:47 AN	1 25	8/17/23	7:47 AM	1	x	+		++	-
2	48th & Race	(CM9)	A	44310	6	16718	8/17/23	6:23 AN		8/17/23	7:23 AM	3	×	┽┽		++	+
3	Focus Points	(CM6)	A	C70719	6	16722	8/17/23	6:50 AN		8/17/23	7:43 AM	1	×	++	+	++	-
4	Adams City High Sc	hool (CM3)	Α	C70490	6	16723	8/17/23	7:30 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:30 AM	1	x	++	_	╉━╂	-
5	Central Elementary	School (CM5)	Α	C70551	6	16729	8/17/23	7:07 AN	1 24	8/17/23	8:07 AM	1	x	++	-	++	+
6	Rose Hill Elementary	School (CM1)	Α	44315	6	16717	8/17/23	7:23 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:23 AM	1	x	+		++	+
7	Kearney Middle Sc	hool (CM7)	A	44320	6	16728	8/17/23	7:35 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:35 AM	1	x	++	+	++	+
8	Alsup Elementary So	hool (CM10)	А	C70521	6	16724	8/17/23	7:04 AN	1 26	8/17/23	8:03 AM	3	x	+	+	++	+
9	Adams City Middle S	ichool (CM4)	А	C70486	6	16725	8/17/23	7:19 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:17 AM	2	x	+		++	+
10 11	Monroe Street		A	44322	6	16719	8/17/23	7:00 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:00 AM	3	x	++	+	++	+
	Brighton Fire Depar		А	C70721	6	16720	8/17/23	6:40 AN	4 23	8/17/23	7:40 AM	1	x	++	+	++	+
12	E470/125 (JL		А	C70522	6	16726	8/17/23	6:23 AN	4 25	8/17/23	7:23 AM	2	x	++	+	++	+
13	Denver CDPHE	(CAMP)	А	C70717	6	16727	8/17/23	7:10 AN	1 25	8/17/23	8:10 AM	1	x	┼┼	-	++	+
1			Signature			Print I	Name		(	Company /				Da	te / Ti	ime	
4	nquished By:		Riley Klow			Riley			Charlos and the second second	CARD IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT	ect Manage	er				13:30	)
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	nquished By:					the second s							~				

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# APPENDIX B AIR SAMPLING RESULTS AND SCREENING RISK ASSESSMENT

				CCND Monitoring Sites 8/17/23										Reference Sites 8/17/23		
las No.	AEGL 1 60 min Value (ppb)	Health Based Reference Level (ppb)	Source	CM1 - Rose	CM2 - Suncor RBC	CM3 - Adams High School	CM4 - Adams Middle School	CM5 - Central	CM6 - Focus	CM7 - Kearney	CM8 - Monroe	CM9 - 48th and Race	CM10 - Alsup Elementary School	BFD- Brighton	CAMP- Denver	JUNC- E470/125
.06-98-9	NR	27,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041	< 0.042	< 0.043	< 0.044	< 0.042	< 0.054	< 0.043	< 0.043	< 0.053	< 0.046	< 0.041	0.059 (J)	0.62 (J)
92-41-6	NR	500	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04	< 0.041	< 0.041	< 0.043	< 0.041		< 0.041	< 0.041	< 0.051	< 0.045	< 0.039	< 0.043	< 0.042
09-67-1	NR	12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041	< 0.043	< 0.043	< 0.045	0.054 (J)		< 0.043	< 0.043	< 0.054	< 0.047	< 0.041	0.052 (J)	0.081(J)
26-73-8		3,000	TCEQ Short Term AMCV	< 0.037	0.058 (J)	0.075 (J)	0.086 (J)	0.07 (J)		< 0.039	0.091 (J)	< 0.049	< 0.042	0.061 (J)	0.11 (J)	0.17 (J)
5-63-6	140,000	3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.047 (J)	0.05 (J)	0.047 (J)	0.051(J)	0.059 (J)		0.037 (J)	0.048 (J)	0.073 (J)	0.068 (J)	0.036 (J)	0.17 (J)	0.061 (J)
.06-99-0	670,000	298	OEHHA Acute REL	< 0.033	< 0.034	< 0.035	< 0.036	< 0.034		< 0.035	< 0.035	< 0.043	< 0.037	< 0.033	0.06 (J)	< 0.035
.41-93-5 08-67-8	NR 140,000	450 3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.067 (J) < 0.032	< 0.037	< 0.038	< 0.039	< 0.037		< 0.038	< 0.038	< 0.047	< 0.041 < 0.037	< 0.036	< 0.039	0.06 (J) < 0.034
.05-05-5	NR	450	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.048 (J)	0.077 (J)		0.06 (J)	0.057 (J)		< 0.041	0.095 (J)	0.087 (J)	0.23 (J)	0.052 (J)	0.13 (J)	0.2 (J)
11-14-3	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.039	< 0.04		< 0.042	< 0.04		< 0.041	< 0.041	< 0.051	< 0.044	< 0.039	< 0.042	0.075 (J)
92-27-8	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041	< 0.042	< 0.042	< 0.044	< 0.042		< 0.042	< 0.042	< 0.053	< 0.046	0.068 (J)	0.094 (J)	(L) e0.0
91-76-4	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.13 (J)	0.17 (J)		0.14 (J)	0.15 (J)		0.16 (J)	0.22 (J)	0.2 (J)	0.12 (J)	0.25 (J)	(J) 0.3	0.21 (J)
.07-83-5	NR NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.36 (J)	0.36 (J) < 0.042		0.38 (J) < 0.043	0.46		0.36 (J)	0.43	0.45 (J)	0.34 (J)	0.77	0.73	0.6
5-83-2 40-84-1	NR	5,400 4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04 0.056 (J)	0.042 0.06 (J)		0.043 0.047 (J)	< 0.042 0.069 (J)		< 0.042 0.04 (J)	< 0.042 0.051 (J)	< 0.052 0.082 (J)	< 0.046 0.06 (J)	< 0.04	0.073 (J) 0.19 (J)	0.058 (J) 0.08 (J)
9-29-8	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041	< 0.042	< 0.042	< 0.044	< 0.042		< 0.04(3)	< 0.042	< 0.053	< 0.046	< 0.033	0.19(J) 0.14(J)	< 0.043
65-59-3	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.042 (J)	0.06 (J)		0.05 (J)	< 0.04		0.048 (J)	0.064 (J)	0.074 (J)	0.059 (J)	(L) E60.0	0.13 (J)	< 0.042
65-75-3	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041	< 0.042	< 0.042	< 0.044	< 0.042	< 0.054	< 0.042	< 0.042	< 0.053	< 0.046	< 0.04	< 0.044	< 0.043
.08-08-7	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.4	0.39 (J)		0.46	0.41 (J)		0.4 (J)	0.43	0.52	0.49	0.8	0.46	
20-14-4	NR	250	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.039	< 0.04		< 0.042	< 0.04		< 0.041	< 0.041	< 0.051	< 0.044	< 0.039	0.14 (J)	0.13 (J)
89-81-1 89-34-4	NR	4,100 8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04	< 0.041 0.25 (J)	< 0.041	< 0.043	< 0.041		< 0.041	< 0.041 0.39 (J)	< 0.051 0.36 (J)	< 0.045 0.21 (J)	< 0.039 0.39 (J)	0.062 (J) 0.45	0.079 (J)
16-14-0	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.22 (J) 0.23 (J)	0.23 (J) 0.19 (J)		0.29 (J) 0.18 (J)	0.27 (J) 0.25 (J)		0.21 (J) 0.18 (J)	0.39 (J) 0.22 (J)	0.30 (J) 0.22 (J)	0.21 (J)	0.59(5)	0.43 (J)	0.56 0.28 (J)
22-96-8	NR	250	ICEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.049	< 0.05		< 0.052	< 0.05		< 0.051	< 0.051	< 0.063	< 0.055	< 0.048	(L) \0.0	< 0.052
4-86-2	NR	25,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.39 (J)	0.49		0.47	0.42		0.38 (J)	0.52	0.69	0.62	0.46	0.92	
1-43-2		9	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.25 (J)	0.25 (J)	0.24 (J)	0.22 (J)	0.27 (J)	0.34 (J)	0.22 (J)	0.23 (J)	0.29 (J)	0.25 (J)	0.36	0.4	0.31 (J)
.06-97-8	5,500,000		TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	2.6	2.1		2.2	2.9		2.4	2.2	2.5	2.3	8.7	3	
5-15-0	13,000	1,990	OEHHA Acute REL	< 0.031	< 0.031	< 0.032	< 0.033	< 0.031		< 0.032	< 0.032	< 0.04	< 0.034	< 0.03	< 0.033	< 0.032
90-18-1 27-20-3	NR NR	15,000 12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.041 < 0.038	< 0.042		< 0.044	< 0.042		< 0.043	< 0.043	< 0.053	< 0.046	< 0.04	< 0.044	< 0.043
10-82-7	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.036	< 0.035	< 0.038	< 0.041	< 0.035		< 0.038	< 0.04	< 0.045	< 0.043	< 0.037	< 0.041	< 0.038
87-92-3		5,900	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.038	0.13 (J)		< 0.041	< 0.039		< 0.04	< 0.04	< 0.049	< 0.043	0.23 (J)	0.17 (J)	
.24-18-5	NR	1,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04	0.054 (J)	< 0.042	0.055 (J)	0.056 (J)	< 0.053	< 0.042	0.054 (J)	0.076 (J)	0.084 (J)	0.063 (J)	0.1 (J)	0.23 (J)
12-40-3	NR	1,720	CDPHF Acute	< 0.038	0.09(1)	< 0.04	< 0.041	< 0.039		< 0.04	< 0.04	< 0.049	< 0.043	< 0.038	< 0.041	0.32(1)
4-84-0	NR	NA	NA	13	12	11	9.6	13	12	12	9.6	11	10	38	11	12
.00-41-4 4-85-1	33,000 NR	5,000 500,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.05 (J) 1.2	0.057 (J) 1.4		0.047 (J) 1.5	0.061 (J) 1.3		0.047 (J) 1.3	0.056 (J) 1.5	0.08 (J) 1.9	0.054 (J) 1.6	0.058 (J) 1.5	0.33 (J) 1.8	0.072 (J) 1.7
4-85-1	NR	8,300	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.12 (J)	0.12 (J)		(L) 990.0	0.16 (J)		0.11 (J)	0.23 (J)	0.23 (J)	0.13 (J)	0.37	0.27 (J)	
10-54-3	NR	5,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.46	0.43		0.4	0.58		0.42	0.63	0.53	0.45	1.2	0.8	
5-28-5	NR	33,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1	0.78	1.1	0.83	1.1		0.95	0.87	1	0.88	3.2	0.97	1.7
8-78-4	NR	68,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	1.3	1.1		1.2	1.8		1.1	1.1	1.5		2.4	2.2	
8-79-5	NR	1,400	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.042 (J)	< 0.042		0.078 (J)	0.047 (J)		0.064 (J)	< 0.042	< 0.053	0.068 (J)	< 0.04	< 0.044	
8-82-8	50,000	510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV ATSDR Acute MRL	< 0.031	< 0.031	< 0.032	< 0.033	< 0.031	< 0.04	< 0.032	< 0.032	< 0.04	< 0.034	< 0.03	0.034 (J)	< 0.032
.08-38-3 .08-87-2	130,000 NR	2,000 4,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.14 (J) 0.1 (J)	0.15 (J) 0.14 (J)		0.14 (J) < 0.043	0.17 (J) 0.11 (J)	and the second second	0.13(J) 0.081(J)	0.15 (J) 0.13 (J)	0.24 (J) 0.098 (J)	0.16 (J) < 0.046	0.19 (J) 0.39 (J)	L 0.31 (J)	0.21 (J) 0.15 (J)
16-37-7	NR	750	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.29 (J)	0.14 (J)	0.26 (J)	0.25 (J)	0.11(J)		0.29 (J)	0.13 (J) 0.34 (J)	0.038(J)	0.22 (J)	0.58	0.42 (J)	0.13 (J) 0.4 (J)
11-65-9	NR	4,100	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04	< 0.041	0.053 (J)	< 0.043	0.084 (J)		< 0.042	< 0.042	0.084 (J)	0.065 (J)	0.13 (J)	0.1 (J)	0.22 (J)
1-20-3	NR	95	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.05	< 0.052	< 0.053	< 0.054	< 0.052	< 0.067	< 0.053	< 0.053	< 0.065	< 0.057	< 0.05	0.18 (J)	< 0.054
.11-84-2		3,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.04	< 0.041		< 0.043	< 0.041		< 0.041	< 0.041	< 0.051	< 0.045	< 0.039	0.1 (J)	0.19 (J)
		1,700	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.06 (J)			0.055 (J)	0.073 (J)		0.05 (J)	0.061 (J)			0.068 (J)	0.3 (J)	
.09-66-0	NR 5,500,000	68,000 NA	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV NA	1.3	1.1		1.5 5.4	2.3		1.3	1.2	1.5	1.2	3.1	1.9	1.9
4-98-6		510	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.031	< 0.032		< 0.034	< 0.032		< 0.033	< 0.033	< 0.041	< 0.035	< 0.031	0.057 (J)	< 0.033
15-07-1		NA	NA				0.29(J)					0.34 (J)			0.33(J)	
27-18-4		6	ATSDR Acute MRL	< 0.036	< 0.037		< 0.039	< 0.037		< 0.038	0.059 (J)	< 0.047		< 0.036	0.047 (J)	
.08-88-3	67,000	2,000	ATSDR Acute MRL	0.41	0.48	0.37	0.48	0.53	0.58	0.4	0.49	0.68	0.47	0.41	1	0.7
24-64-6		15,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.039	< 0.04		< 0.042	< 0.04		< 0.04	< 0.04	< 0.05	< 0.044	< 0.038	< 0.042	
46-04-8		12,000	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	< 0.047	< 0.049		< 0.051	< 0.049		< 0.049	< 0.049	< 0.061	< 0.053	< 0.047	< 0.051	< 0.05
.120-21-4	INPK.	550	TCEQ Short-Term AMCV	0.07 (J)	0.067 (J)	0.097 (J)	0.044 (J)	0.096 (J)	0.094 (J)	0.067 (J)	0.077 (J)	0.15 (B,J)	(L) 680.0	0.081 (J)	0.11 (J)	0.23 (J)

are reported as less than ("<") the MDL.

ed to the right of corresponding detections (in parentheses).

ted value when the concentration is below the reporting limit but above the method detection limit.

ation was found in associated laboratory method blank.

ponses observed in the lab calibration sample; less than reporting limit.

#### Screening Legend Detection (No Sc Detection < Scre Non-Detection <

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